

Residential Property Indices

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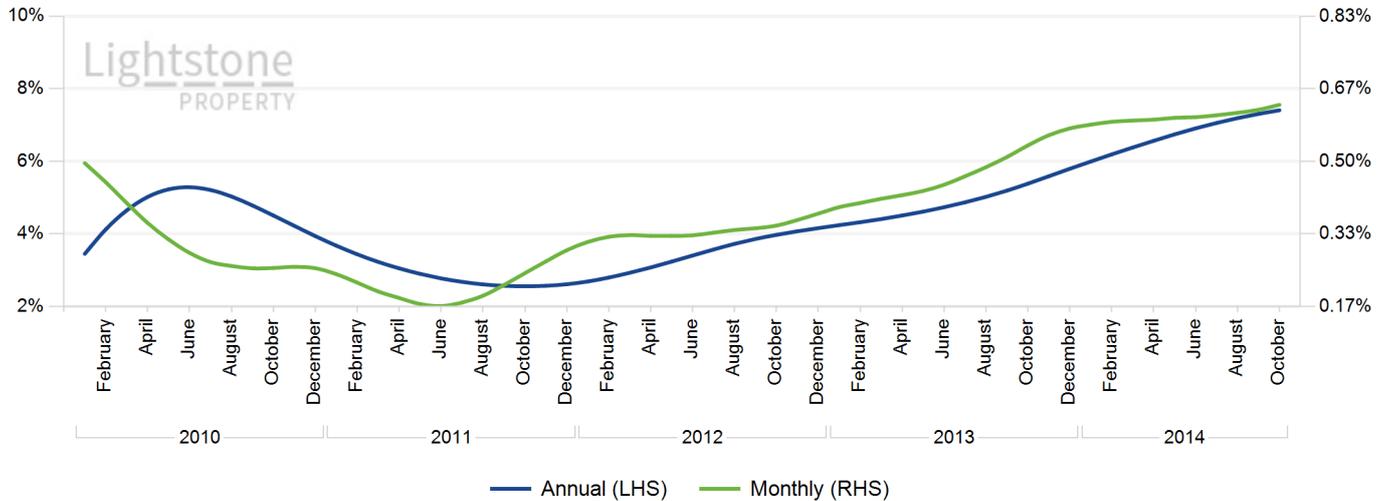
Information. Decisions. Results.



National Inflation

Current annual inflation rate is 7.30% and monthly is 0.62%

Annual vs. Monthly



Market Review

Some meaningful trends have appeared in the South African property market over the past quarter. Some of the most pronounced are the acceleration in house price inflation of properties in the lower and mid value segment and decreases in coastal property inflation.

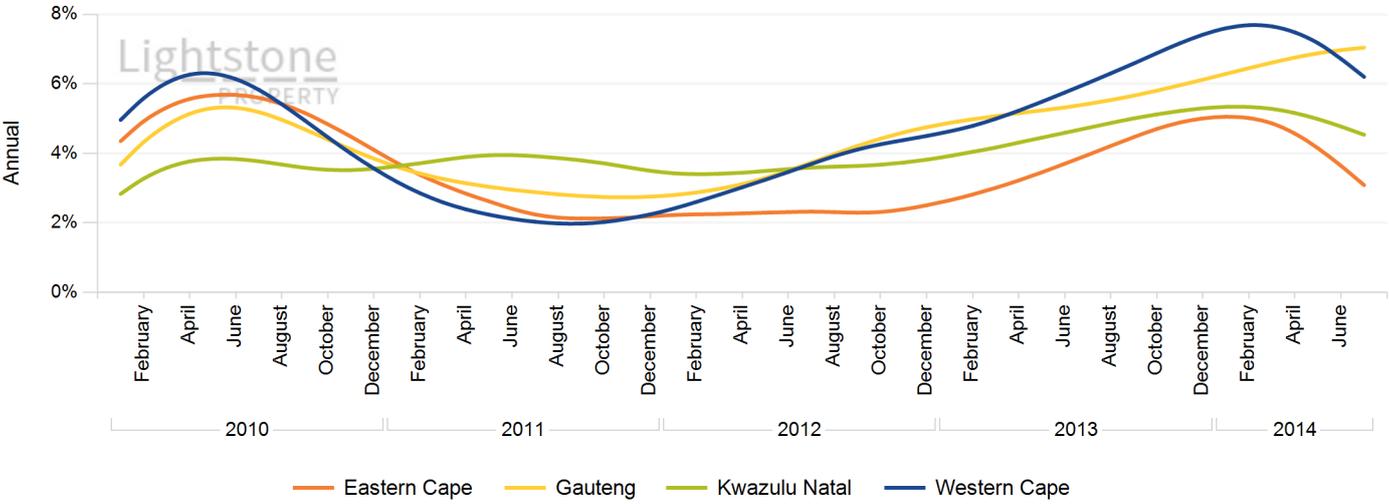
Since the 2008/2009 housing recession all value segments, apart from the low value segment, have grown at roughly the same rate. In the last quarter, annual house price inflation in the mid value segment has increased and is currently at 9.55% while that of the high and luxury segments have remained below the national average of 7.40%. The recorded house price inflation for the luxury value segment was 6.45% in October and decreased from its earlier peak in December 2013.

Coastal properties, that fall predominantly within the luxury value band, have also shown a deceleration in property inflation. In June 2013 property inflation in both coastal and non-coastal properties were roughly at 5.10%. The latest inflation estimated for coastal and non-coastal properties were however recorded at 3.17% and 6.81%.

Provincial Inflation

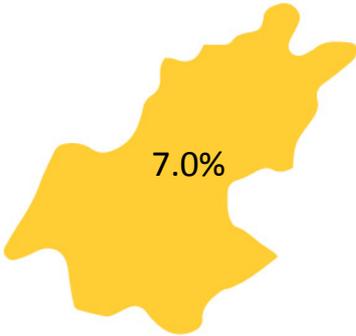
The **Lightstone Provincial Index** tracks annual inflation of the 4 major provinces in South Africa.

Annual Inflation: Major Provinces

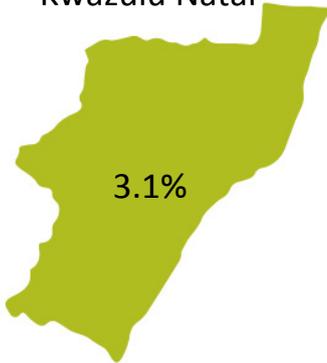


Latest/Current Provincial Inflation Status

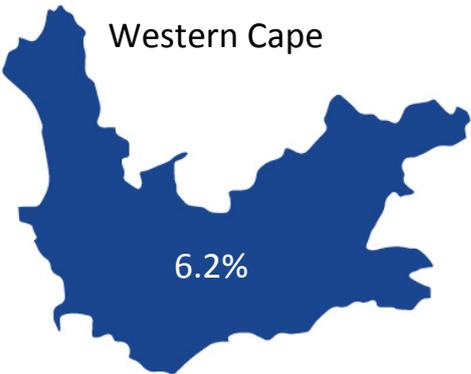
Gauteng



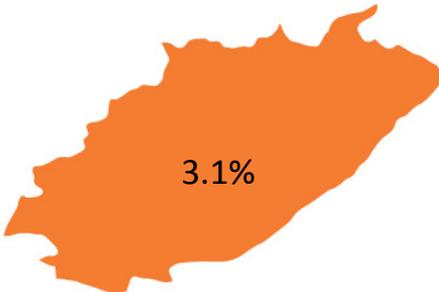
Kwazulu Natal



Western Cape



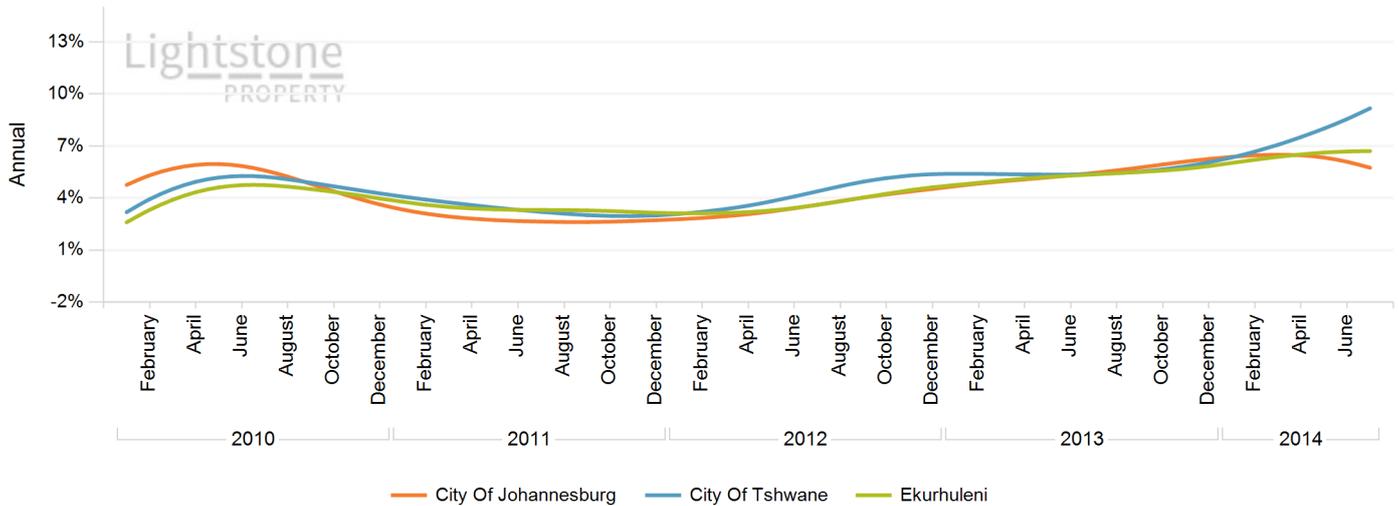
Eastern Cape



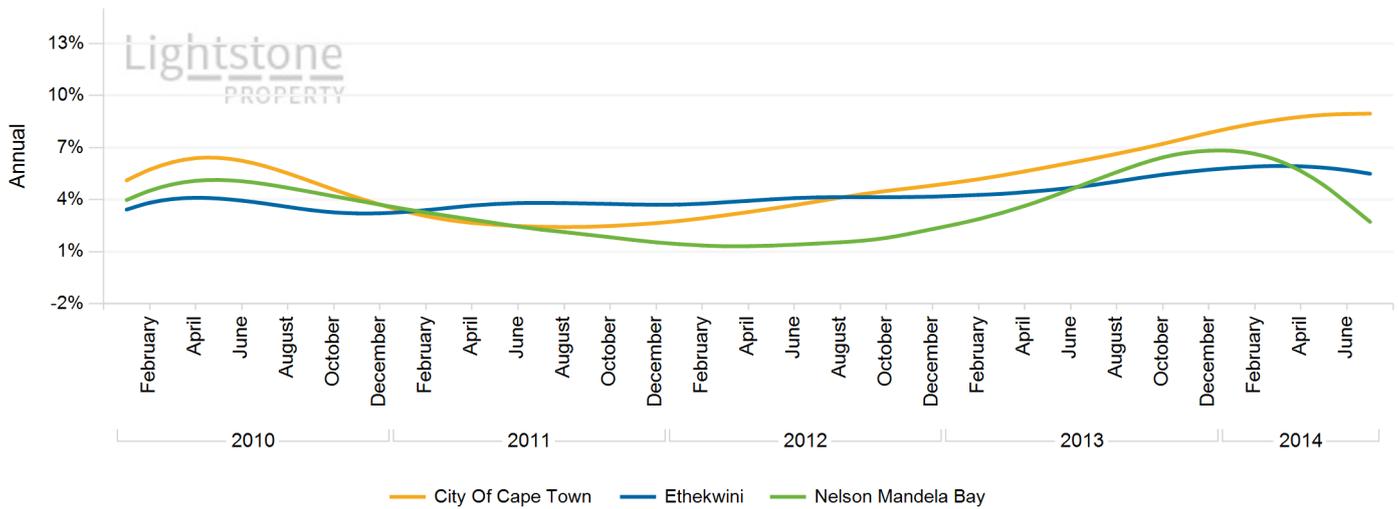
Municipal Inflation

The Lightstone Municipal Index tracks annual inflation at a municipal level, with coastal and inland based municipalities reviewed independently.

Annual Inflation: Inland Municipalities



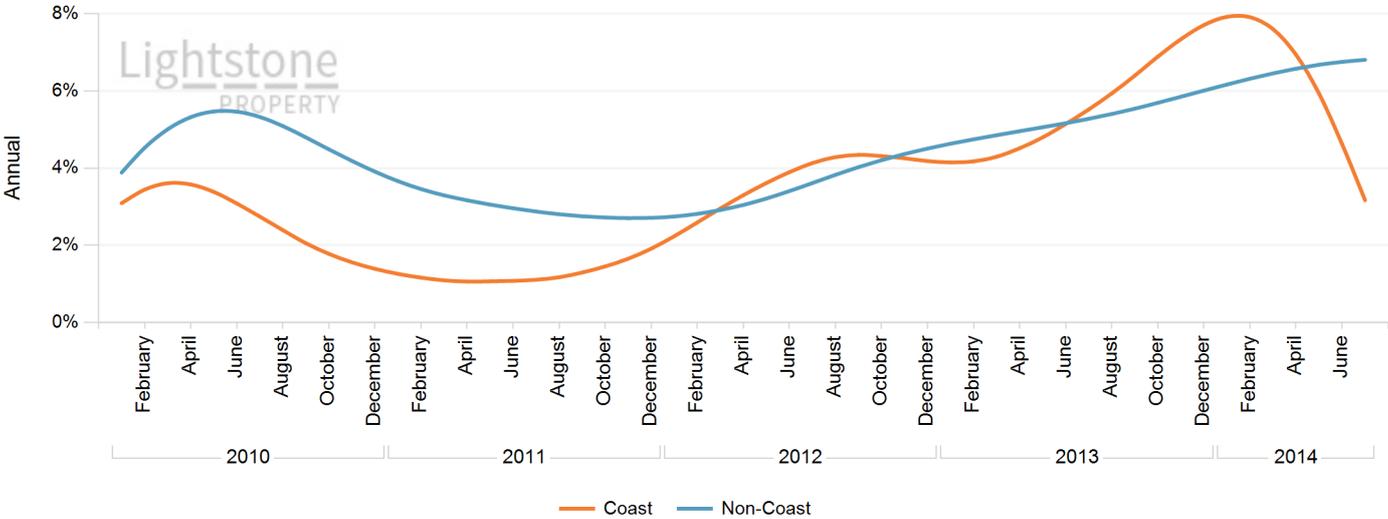
Annual Inflation: Coastal Municipalities



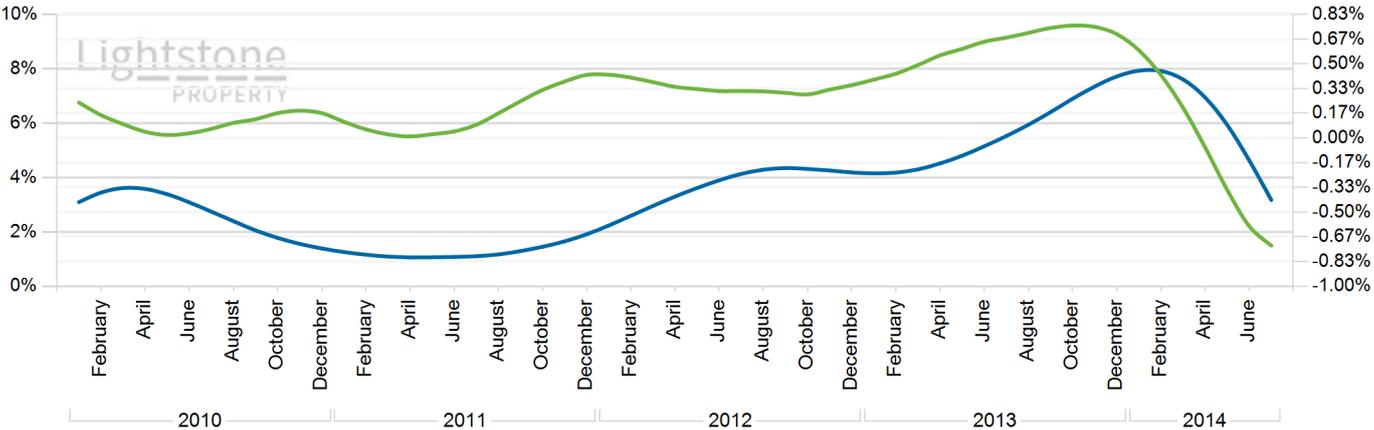
Property Inflation: Coast vs Non-Coast

The Lightstone Coast vs Non-Coast Index compares property located within enumerator areas 500m of the coastline to those located further inland.

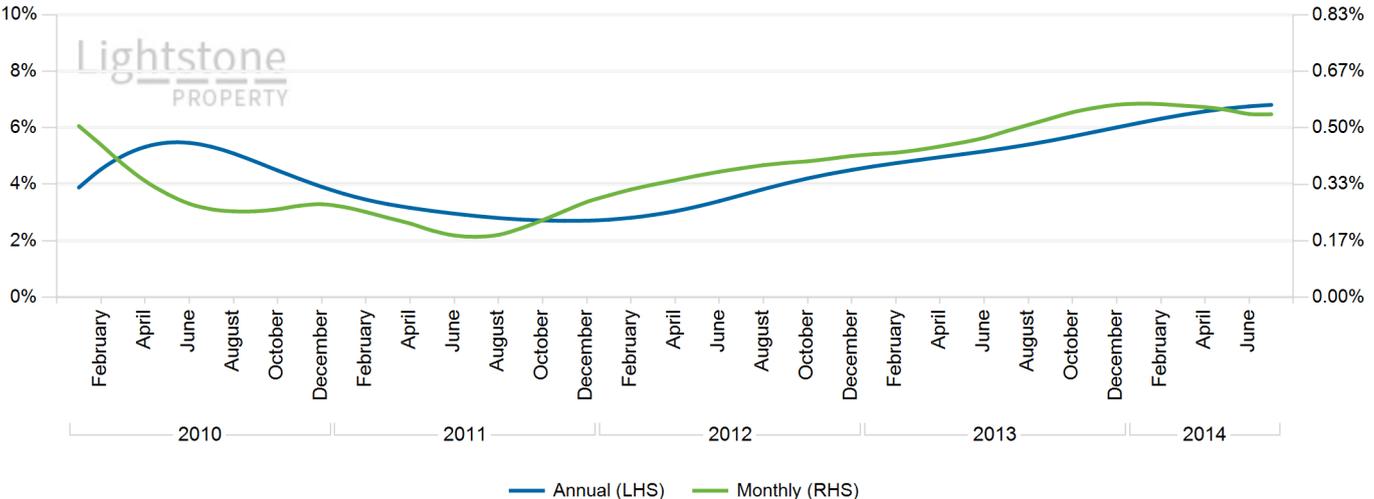
Annual Inflation: Coast vs Non-Coast



Coast: Annual vs Monthly Inflation

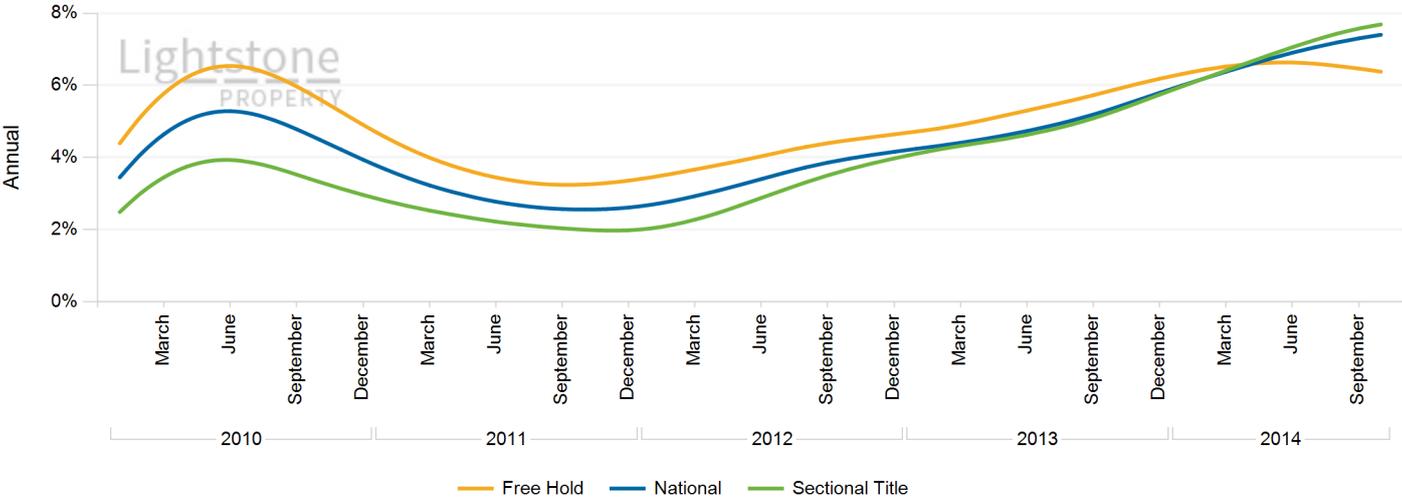


Non-Coast: Annual vs Monthly Inflation

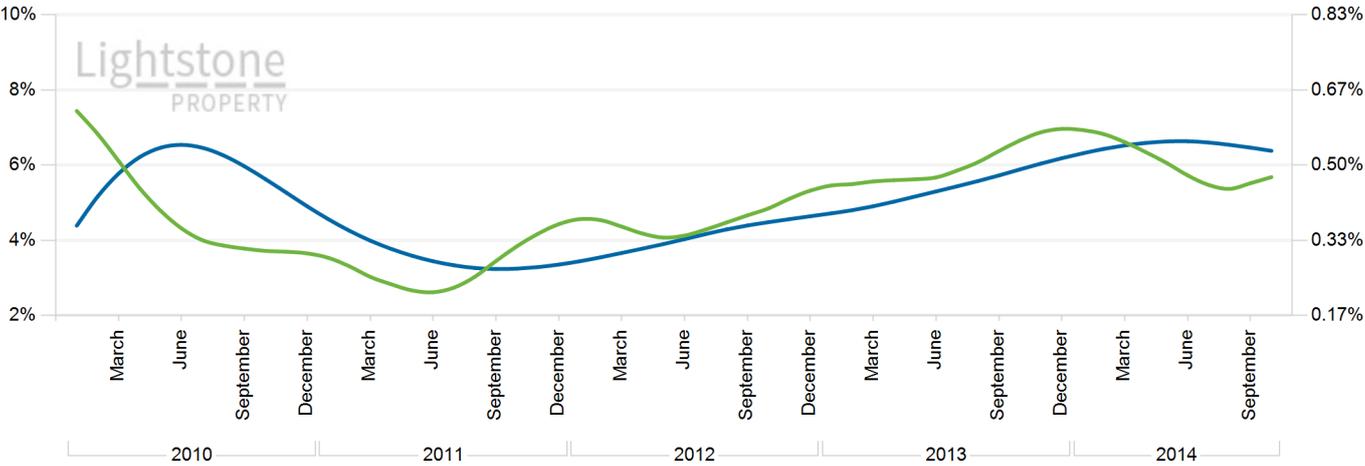


Property Inflation: Free Hold vs Sectional

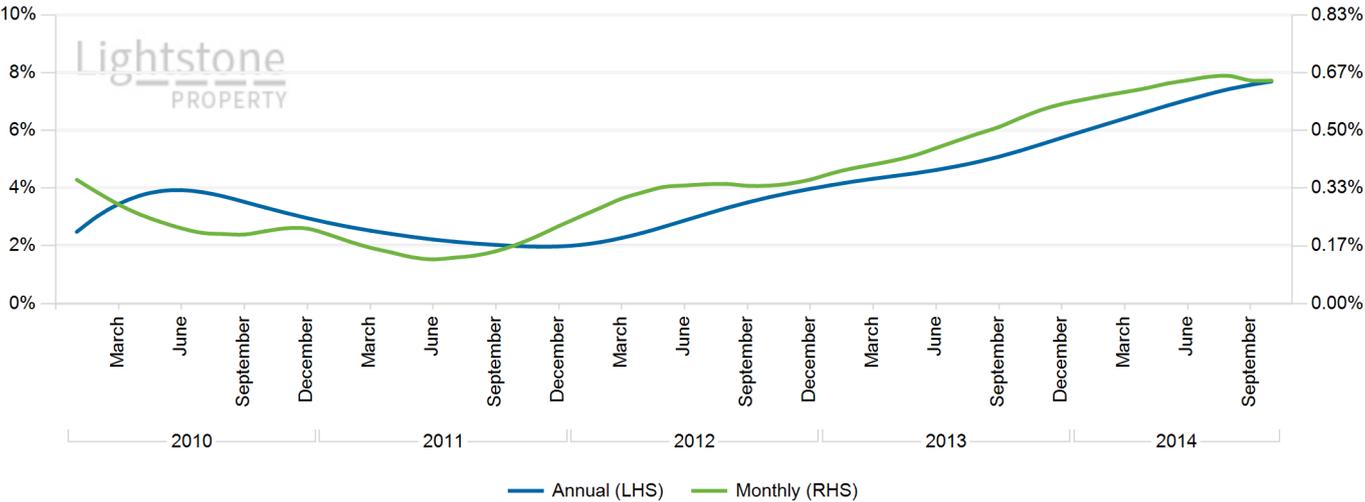
Annual Inflation: Free Hold vs Sectional Title Properties



Freehold Property: Annual vs Monthly Inflation



Sectional Title: Annual vs Monthly Inflation



Property Inflation: Value Bands

The Lightstone Area Value Bands Index reviews inflationary rates for property based on the following values.

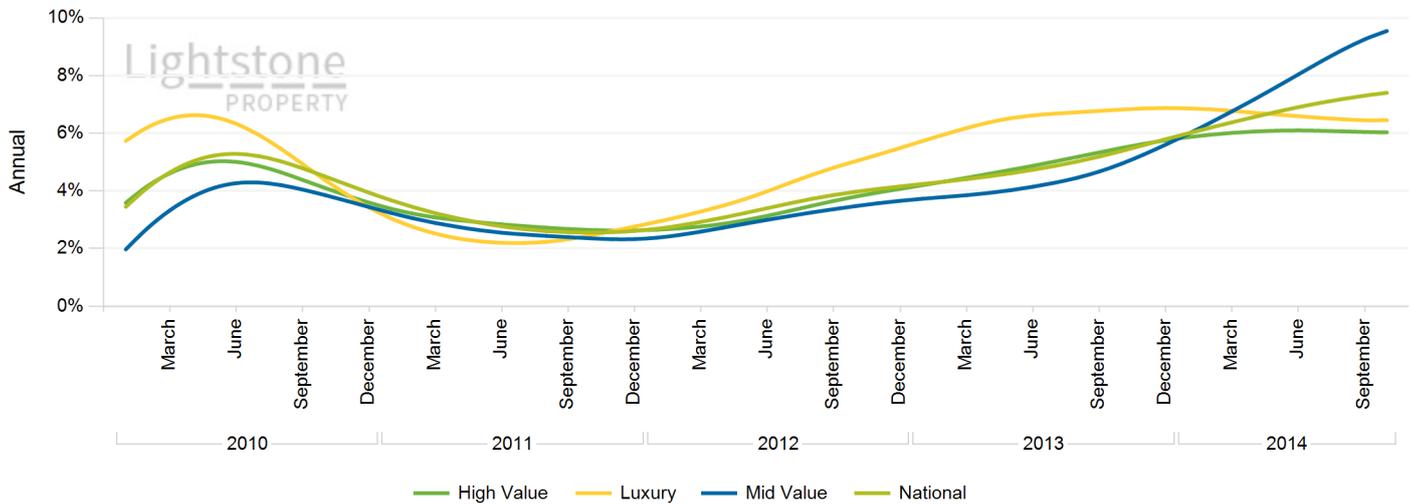
Luxury: > R1.5mil

High Value: R700k to R1.5mil

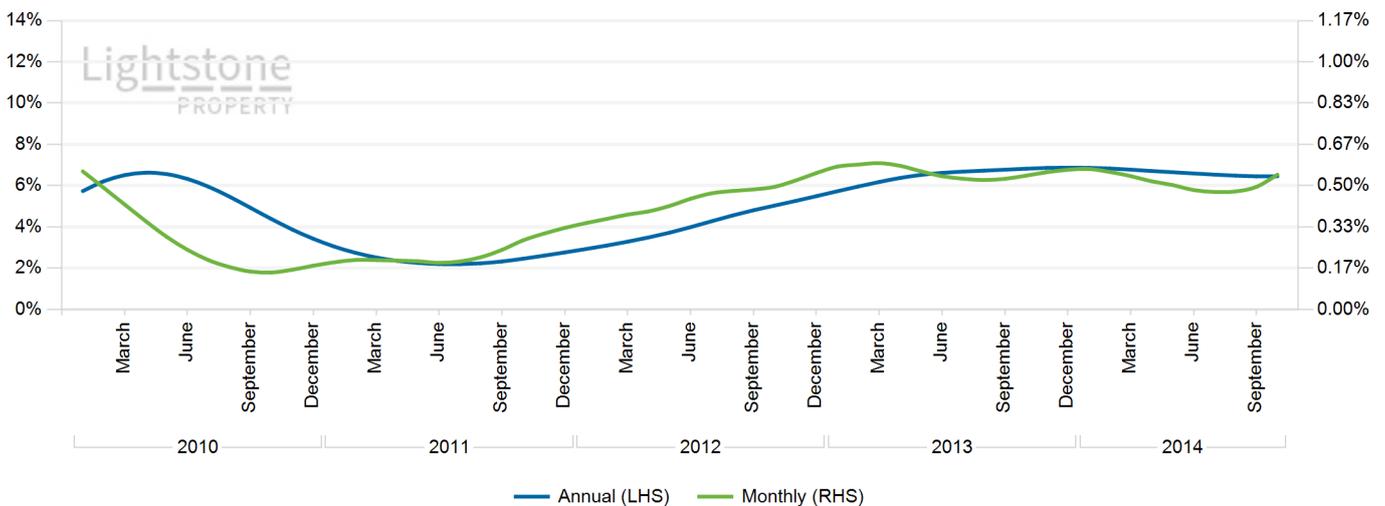
Mid Value: R250k to R700k

Low Value: <R250k

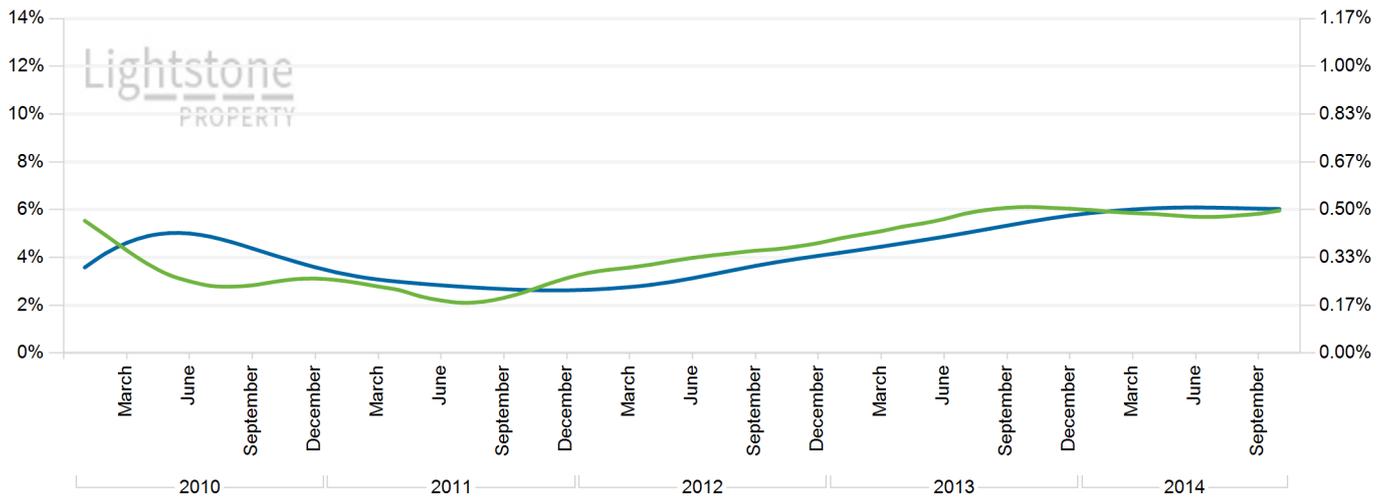
Annual Inflation: Area Value Bands



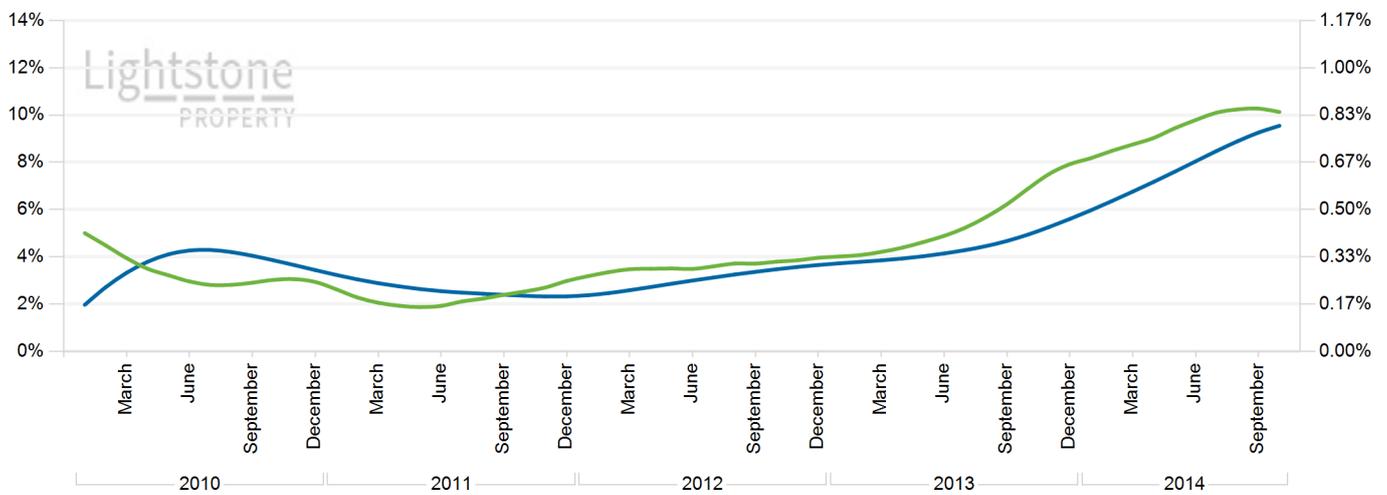
Annual vs Monthly Inflation: Luxury Property



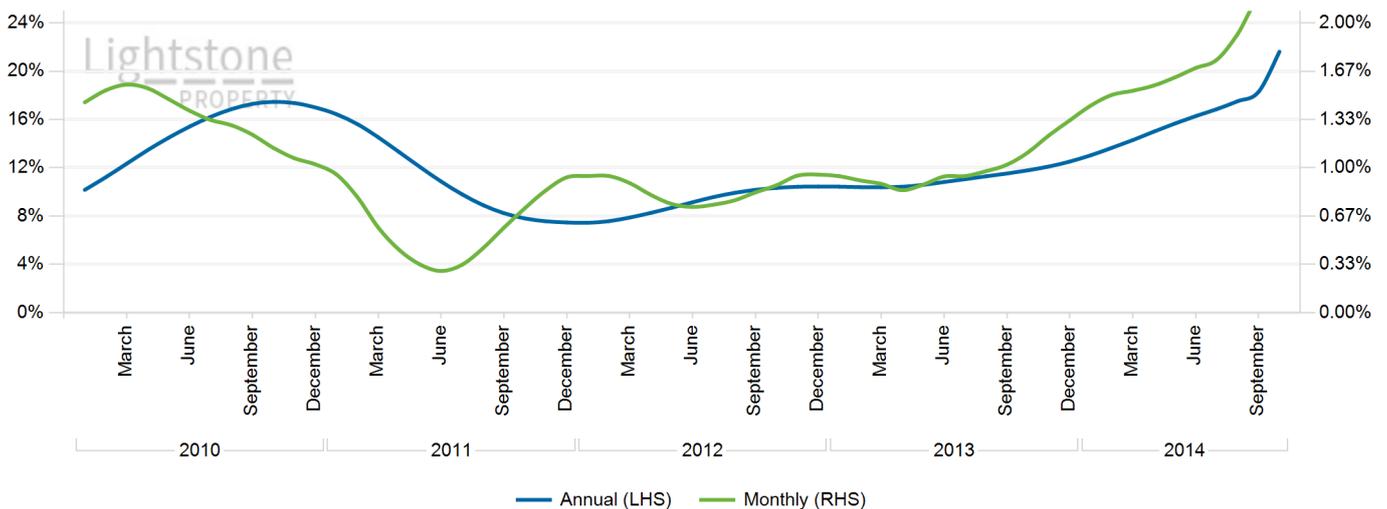
Annual vs Monthly Inflation: High Value Property



Annual vs Monthly Inflation: Mid Value Property



Annual vs Monthly Inflation: Low Value Property



— Annual (LHS) — Monthly (RHS)

Inflation Table

The **Annual Inflation Table** (below) provides a long term view of annual rates of inflation for various geographical areas and property types.

Please note that historic inflation rates can change as transactions occur that imply price inflation for those periods.

		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014					
							Q1	Q2	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct
	National	2.6 %	3.9 %	2.6 %	4.2 %	5.8 %	6.4 %	6.9 %	7.1 %	7.2 %	7.3 %	7.4 %
Province	Eastern Cape	3.6 %	4.1 %	2.2 %	2.5 %	5.0 %	4.9 %	3.6 %	3.1 %			
	Gauteng	2.9 %	3.8 %	2.8 %	4.8 %	6.1 %	6.6 %	7.0 %	7.0 %			
	Kwazulu Natal	2.3 %	3.6 %	3.5 %	3.8 %	5.3 %	5.3 %	4.8 %	4.5 %			
	Western Cape	4.2 %	3.6 %	2.2 %	4.5 %	7.4 %	7.7 %	6.7 %	6.2 %			
Municipality	City Of Cape Town	4.3 %	3.7 %	2.6 %	4.8 %	7.8 %	8.6 %	8.9 %	9.0 %			
	City Of Johannesburg	4.0 %	3.6 %	2.7 %	4.5 %	6.3 %	6.5 %	6.1 %	5.7 %			
	City Of Tshwane	2.3 %	4.3 %	3.0 %	5.4 %	6.1 %	7.1 %	8.5 %	9.2 %			
	Ekurhuleni	1.8 %	4.0 %	3.1 %	4.6 %	5.8 %	6.4 %	6.7 %	6.7 %			
	Ethekwini	2.9 %	3.2 %	3.7 %	4.2 %	5.7 %	5.9 %	5.7 %	5.5 %			
	Nelson Mandela Bay	3.3 %	3.7 %	1.5 %	2.3 %	6.8 %	6.3 %	3.8 %	2.7 %			
Coastal	Coast	2.6 %	1.4 %	1.9 %	4.2 %	7.7 %	7.6 %	4.6 %	3.2 %			
	Non-Coast	3.1 %	3.9 %	2.7 %	4.5 %	6.0 %	6.5 %	6.8 %	6.8 %			
ST / FH	Free Hold	3.5 %	4.9 %	3.4 %	4.6 %	6.2 %	6.5 %	6.6 %	6.6 %	6.5 %	6.5 %	6.4 %
	Sectional Title	1.8 %	3.0 %	2.0 %	4.0 %	5.7 %	6.4 %	7.1 %	7.3 %	7.4 %	7.6 %	7.7 %
Area Value Bands	High Value	2.9 %	3.6 %	2.6 %	4.1 %	5.8 %	6.0 %	6.1 %	6.1 %	6.1 %	6.0 %	6.0 %
	Luxury	5.1 %	3.4 %	2.8 %	5.5 %	6.9 %	6.8 %	6.6 %	6.5 %	6.5 %	6.4 %	6.5 %
	Mid Value	1.1 %	3.4 %	2.3 %	3.7 %	5.6 %	6.8 %	8.0 %	8.5 %	8.9 %	9.3 %	9.5 %

Shining A Light On Our Approach...

Methodology:

Lightstone applies the repeat sales methodology when reviewing and reporting on property data. In contrast to 'average house price' indices, repeat sales indices provide a measure of the actual price inflation of houses that have transacted twice within a particular period of time. The main benefit of this is that it is less influenced by the mix of transacting properties. The repeat sales methodology is recognised as the premier methodology for indexing house prices and is used by many international residential property price indexers including the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight (OFHEO) in the United States.

Data:

All property transactions in South Africa are registered in the Deeds Office and each record contains the legal details of both the property and the transaction. For the purposes of the Repeat Sales Index for residential properties, the following transactions have been excluded: farms; any transactions which may be of a development, commercial or community services nature; new developments; sales made in execution of a judgement; non-arms-length transactions; transactions where the inflation is extremely different to the norm of the statistical distribution of inflation rates; and township transactions.

Caution:

Lightstone presents both annual and monthly inflation rates. Monthly inflation emphasises recent market performance (i.e. month on month) and is more volatile than annual inflation trends. Conclusions about the future trend of annual inflation, based on monthly inflationary rates, must be made with caution.

Disclaimer:

The Lightstone Repeat Sales Index system applies advanced statistical methods to a comprehensive property database - compiled from the Deeds Office, the Surveyor General and other sources - to generate repeat sales inflation data for individual residential properties. Despite the statistical and actuarial rigour applied, Lightstone cannot guarantee the accuracy and reliability of the data. Furthermore, the index is a statistical tool and does not amount to advice and may not be applicable in some cases. Lightstone does not take responsibility for any losses incurred as a result of any person acting or omitting to act as a result of the publication of this index.

Queries:

Should you have any queries, please do not hesitate to email us info@lightstone.co.za or give us a call on 0860 106 389.

